## Language Matters

#### Talking about Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder (FASD)

FASD is a developmental disability. Like other people with disabilities, people with FASD have many strengths and skills and can lead happy and productive lives. The language we use can challenge stereotypes about people with FASD, promote compassion for women who drank during their pregnancy (for whatever reason), and help others to see people with FASD as more than a disability.



# Language Matters

#### Talking about Alcohol and Pregnancy

Women drink alcohol during pregnancy for a wide range of reasons, including not knowing they are pregnant, lack of information about the harms of alcohol during pregnancy, and problems with alcohol and drug use. The language we use can help women feel safe to ask questions about alcohol use during pregnancy, seek help if they are having difficulties stopping their use, and challenge stereotypes about people with FASD.



## Language Matters

### Building Awareness – FASD Prevention Campaign Slogans

The language we use in alcohol and pregnancy campaigns should be balanced, informative, and accurately reflect current research about the known risks of alcohol use during pregnancy. While the health of an unborn baby can be powerful motivation to stop drinking during pregnancy, slogans that suggest women who drink alcohol are uncaring or irresponsible can create shame and guilt, and prevent women who need help with their drinking, from seeking support. It can also increase anxiety and fear for women who drank before they knew they were pregnant.



# **Images Matter Too**

### Using Images When Talking About Alcohol, Pregnancy & FASD

Photos, illustrations, animations, and other graphics can be powerful tools for communication. When talking about alcohol, pregnancy, and FASD, we can choose images that evoke certain emotions, that emphasize key messages or ideas, or that reflect our values and beliefs. When choosing and using images, especially graphic images or fearbased images, it's important to consider and minimize unintended consequences such as reinforcing stereotypes about individuals affected by FASD. This can make it more difficult for women with alcohol use disorders to seek help, or create fear for women who drank alcohol before they knew they were pregnant.

